

Contents

Foreword	xi
Abdenacer MAKHLOUF	
Chapter 1. Jordan Superalgebras	1
Consuelo MARTINEZ and Efim ZELMANOV	
1.1. Introduction	1
1.2. Tits–Kantor–Koecher construction	4
1.3. Basic examples (classical superalgebras)	5
1.4. Brackets	8
1.5. Cheng–Kac superalgebras	10
1.6. Finite dimensional simple Jordan superalgebras	11
1.6.1. Case F is algebraically closed and $\text{char } F = 0$	11
1.6.2. Case $\text{char } F = p > 2$, the even part $J_{\bar{0}}$ is semisimple	11
1.6.3. Case $\text{char } F = p > 2$, the even part $J_{\bar{0}}$ is not semisimple	13
1.6.4. Non-unital simple Jordan superalgebras	13
1.7. Finite dimensional representations	14
1.7.1. Superalgebras of rank ≥ 3	16
1.7.2. Superalgebras of rank ≤ 2	17
1.8. Jordan superconformal algebras	21
1.9. References	23
Chapter 2. Composition Algebras	27
Alberto ELDUQUE	
2.1. Introduction	27
2.2. Quaternions and octonions	28
2.2.1. Quaternions	28

2.2.2. Rotations in three- (and four-) dimensional space	31
2.2.3. Octonions	33
2.3. Unital composition algebras	35
2.3.1. The Cayley-Dickson doubling process and the generalized Hurwitz theorem	37
2.3.2. Isotropic Hurwitz algebras	41
2.4. Symmetric composition algebras	43
2.5. Triality	50
2.6. Concluding remarks	54
2.7. Acknowledgments	55
2.8. References	55
Chapter 3. Graded-Division Algebras	59
Yuri BAHTURIN, Mikhail KOCHETOV and Mikhail ZAICEV	
3.1. Introduction	59
3.2. Background on gradings	62
3.2.1. Gradings induced by a group homomorphism	62
3.2.2. Weak isomorphism and equivalence	63
3.2.3. Basic properties of division gradings	63
3.2.4. Graded presentations of associative algebras	64
3.2.5. Tensor products of division gradings	68
3.2.6. Loop construction	70
3.2.7. Another construction of graded-simple algebras	72
3.3. Graded-division algebras over algebraically closed fields	75
3.4. Real graded-division associative algebras	77
3.4.1. Simple graded-division algebras	77
3.4.2. Pauli gradings	80
3.4.3. Commutative case	80
3.4.4. Non-commutative graded-division algebras with one-dimensional homogeneous components	82
3.4.5. Equivalence classes of graded-division algebras with one-dimensional homogeneous components	84
3.4.6. Graded-division algebras with non-central two-dimensional identity components	90
3.4.7. Graded-division algebras with four-dimensional identity components	94
3.4.8. Classification of real graded-division algebras, up to isomorphism	95
3.5. Real loop algebras with a non-split centroid	96
3.6. Alternative algebras	98
3.6.1. Cayley–Dickson doubling process	99
3.6.2. Gradings on octonion algebras	100
3.6.3. Graded-simple real alternative algebras	101

3.6.4. Graded-division real alternative algebras	102
3.7. Gradings of fields	106
3.8. References	107
Chapter 4. Non-associative C^*-algebras	111
Ángel RODRÍGUEZ PALACIOS and Miguel CABRERA GARCÍA	
4.1. Introduction	111
4.2. JB -algebras	111
4.3. The non-associative Vidav–Palmer and Gelfand–Naimark theorems . .	116
4.4. JB^* -triples	128
4.5. Past, present and future of non-associative C^* -algebras	141
4.6. Acknowledgments	145
4.7. References	145
Chapter 5. Structure of H^*-algebras	155
José Antonio CUENCA MIRA	
5.1. Introduction	155
5.2. Preliminaries: aspects of the general theory	156
5.3. Ultraproducts of H^* -algebras	164
5.4. Quadratic H^* -algebras	166
5.5. Associative H^* -algebras	167
5.6. Flexible H^* -algebras	173
5.7. Non-commutative Jordan H^* -algebras	175
5.8. Jordan H^* -algebras	178
5.9. Moufang H^* -algebras	182
5.10. Lie H^* -algebras	184
5.11. Topics closely related to Lie H^* -algebras	188
5.12. Two-graded H^* -algebras	190
5.13. Other topics: beyond the H^* -algebras	194
5.14. Acknowledgments	194
5.15. References	194
Chapter 6. Krichever–Novikov Type Algebras: Definitions and Results	199
Martin SCHLICHENMAIER	
6.1. Introduction	199
6.2. The Virasoro algebra and its relatives	201
6.3. The geometric picture	204
6.3.1. The geometric realizations of the Witt algebra	204
6.3.2. Arbitrary genus generalizations	204
6.3.3. Meromorphic forms	206
6.4. Algebraic structures	209

6.4.1. Associative structure	209
6.4.2. Lie and Poisson algebra structure	210
6.4.3. The vector field algebra and the Lie derivative	210
6.4.4. The algebra of differential operators	211
6.4.5. Differential operators of all degrees	212
6.4.6. Lie superalgebras of half forms	213
6.4.7. Jordan superalgebra	213
6.4.8. Higher genus current algebras	214
6.4.9. KN-type algebras	215
6.5. Almost-graded structure	215
6.5.1. Definition of almost-gradedness	215
6.5.2. Separating cycle and KN pairing	216
6.5.3. The homogeneous subspaces	217
6.5.4. The algebras	219
6.5.5. Triangular decomposition and filtrations	221
6.6. Central extensions	221
6.6.1. Central extensions and cocycles	222
6.6.2. Geometric cocycles	223
6.6.3. Uniqueness and classification of central extensions	226
6.7. Examples and generalizations	229
6.7.1. The genus zero and three-point situation	229
6.7.2. Genus zero multipoint algebras – integrable systems	231
6.7.3. Deformations	232
6.8. Lax operator algebras	232
6.9. Fermionic Fock space	235
6.9.1. Semi-infinite forms and fermionic Fock space representations	235
6.9.2. $b - c$ systems	237
6.10. Sugawara representation	237
6.11. Application to moduli space	240
6.12. Acknowledgments	240
6.13. References	240
Chapter 7. An Introduction to Pre-Lie Algebras	245
Chengming BAI	
7.1. Introduction	245
7.1.1. Explanation of notions	245
7.1.2. Two fundamental properties	246
7.1.3. Some subclasses	247
7.1.4. Organization of this chapter	248
7.2. Some appearances of pre-Lie algebras	249
7.2.1. Left-invariant affine structures on Lie groups: a geometric interpretation of “left-symmetry”	249

7.2.2. Deformation complexes of algebras and right-symmetric algebras	250
7.2.3. Rooted tree algebras: free pre-Lie algebras	251
7.2.4. Complex structures on Lie algebras	251
7.2.5. Symplectic structures on Lie groups and Lie algebras, phase spaces of Lie algebras and Kähler structures	252
7.2.6. Vertex algebras	254
7.3. Some basic results and constructions of pre-Lie algebras	255
7.3.1. Some basic results of pre-Lie algebras	255
7.3.2. Constructions of pre-Lie algebras from some known structures	258
7.4. Pre-Lie algebras and CYBE	261
7.4.1. The existence of a compatible pre-Lie algebra on a Lie algebra	261
7.4.2. CYBE: unification of tensor and operator forms	262
7.4.3. Pre-Lie algebras, \mathcal{O} -operators and CYBE	264
7.4.4. An algebraic interpretation of “left-symmetry”: construction from Lie algebras revisited	265
7.5. A larger framework: Lie analogues of Loday algebras	266
7.5.1. Pre-Lie algebras, dendriform algebras and Loday algebras	266
7.5.2. L-dendriform algebras	267
7.5.3. Lie analogues of Loday algebras	269
7.6. References	271

Chapter 8. Symplectic, Product and Complex Structures on 3-Lie Algebras 275

Yunhe SHENG and Rong TANG

8.1. Introduction	275
8.2. Preliminaries	278
8.3. Representations of 3-pre-Lie algebras	280
8.4. Symplectic structures and phase spaces of 3-Lie algebras	282
8.5. Product structures on 3-Lie algebras	288
8.6. Complex structures on 3-Lie algebras	295
8.7. Complex product structures on 3-Lie algebras	304
8.8. Para-Kähler structures on 3-Lie algebras	308
8.9. Pseudo-Kähler structures on 3-Lie algebras	315
8.10. References	317

Chapter 9. Derived Categories 321

Bernhard KELLER

9.1. Introduction	321
9.2. Grothendieck’s definition	322
9.3. Verdier’s definition	323
9.4. Triangulated structure	326
9.5. Derived functors	331

9.6. Derived Morita theory	332
9.7. Dg categories	334
9.7.1. Dg categories and functors	334
9.7.2. The derived category	336
9.7.3. Derived functors	337
9.7.4. Dg quotients	338
9.7.5. Invariants	340
9.8. References	342
List of Authors	347
Index	349